

# **Product datasheet**

info@arigobio.com

# ARG21468 anti-IL5 antibody [TRFK5] (low endotoxin)

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

## **Summary**

Product Description Azide free and low endotoxin Rat Monoclonal antibody [TRFK5] recognizes IL5

Tested Reactivity Ms

Tested Application ELISA, ELISPOT, FACS, ICC/IF, IHC-Fr, Neut, Puri

Specificity Mouse/Human/Rhesus/Cynomolgus/Baboon/Sooty Mangabey IL-5.

Host Rat

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone TRFK5

Isotype IgG1, kappa

Target Name IL5

Species Mouse

Immunogen Semi-purified T cell clone supernatant

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Eosinophil differentiation factor; EDF; IL-5; TRF; T-cell replacing factor; B-cell differentiation factor I;

Interleukin-5

## **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	< 2 μg/ml
	ELISPOT	Assay-dependent
	FACS	Assay-dependent
	ICC/IF	Assay-dependent
	IHC-Fr	Assay-dependent
	Neut	Assay-dependent
	Puri	Assay-dependent
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

#### **Properties**

Form	Liquid
Purification Note	Low endotoxin
Buffer	PBS

Concentration 0.5 mg/ml

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Database links GenelD: 16191 Mouse

Swiss-port # P04401 Mouse

Gene Symbol IL5

Gene Full Name interleukin 5

Background This gene encodes a cytokine that acts as a growth and differentiation factor for both B cells and

eosinophils. The encoded cytokine plays a major role in the regulation of eosinophil formation, maturation, recruitment and survival. The increased production of this cytokine may be related to pathogenesis of eosinophil-dependent inflammatory diseases. This cytokine functions by binding to its receptor, which is a heterodimer, whose beta subunit is shared with the receptors for interleukine 3 (IL3) and colony stimulating factor 2 (CSF2/GM-CSF). This gene is located on chromosome 5 within a cytokine gene cluster which includes interleukin 4 (IL4), interleukin 13 (IL13), and CSF2. This gene, IL4, and IL13 may be regulated coordinately by long-range regulatory elements spread over 120 kilobases

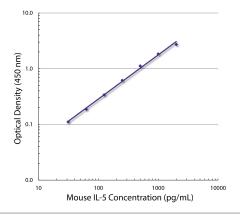
on chromosome 5q31. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2013]

Function Factor that induces terminal differentiation of late-developing B-cells to immunoglobulin secreting

cells. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 15 kDa

#### **Images**



ARG21468 anti-IL5 antibody [TRFK5] (low endotoxin) standard curve image

ELISA: Mouse IL-5 detected by <u>ARG21467</u> anti-IL5 antibody [TRFK5] as capture antibody (<u>ARG21468</u>: Low endotoxin version), and <u>ARG21470</u> anti-IL5 antibody [TRFK4] (Biotin) as detection antibody, follow by incubation with streptavidin-HRP.