

Product datasheet

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ARG22451 anti-IL10 antibody [CC318]

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Mouse Monoclonal antibody [CC318] recognizes IL10

This antibody recognizes bovine IL-10. Mouse anti Bovine Interleukin-10 antibody, clone CC318 has

been shown not to inhibit the biological activity of IL-10.

Tested Reactivity Bov, Hrs, Sheep

Tested Application ELISA, ELISPOT, FACS

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

 Clone
 CC318

 Isotype
 IgG2b

 Target Name
 IL10

Species Bovine

Immunogen Plasmid cDNA encoding bovine IL-10.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names IL10A; GVHDS; TGIF; IL-10; Cytokine synthesis inhibitory factor; CSIF; Interleukin-10

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	5 - 10 μg/ml
	ELISPOT	Assay-dependent
	FACS	Assay-dependent
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form	Liquid	
Purification	Purification with Protein A.	
Buffer	PBS and 0.09% Sodium azide	
Preservative	0.09% Sodium azide	
Concentration	1 mg/ml	
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.	

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol IL10

Gene Full Name interleukin 10

Background The protein encoded by this gene is a cytokine produced primarily by monocytes and to a lesser extent

by lymphocytes. This cytokine has pleiotropic effects in immunoregulation and inflammation. It down-

regulates the expression of Th1 cytokines, MHC class II Ags, and costimulatory molecules on

macrophages. It also enhances B cell survival, proliferation, and antibody production. This cytokine can block NF-kappa B activity, and is involved in the regulation of the JAK-STAT signaling pathway. Knockout studies in mice suggested the function of this cytokine as an essential immunoregulator in the intestinal tract. Mutations in this gene are associated with an increased susceptibility to HIV-1 infection and

rheumatoid arthritis.[provided by RefSeq, May 2011]

Function Inhibits the synthesis of a number of cytokines, including IFN-gamma, IL-2, IL-3, TNF and GM-CSF

produced by activated macrophages and by helper T-cells. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 21 kDa