

ARG22523 anti-CD200R antibody [OX-102]

Package: 100 µg
Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Mouse Monoclonal antibody [OX-102] recognizes CD200R This antibody recognizes the rat OX2 (CD200) receptor 1. This antigen is a heavily glycosylated ~60-100 kDa cell surface molecule expressed by cells of the myeloid lineage but not by T or B lymphocytes. Mouse anti Rat CD200 Receptor 1 antibody, clone OX-102 has been shown to block the interaction of OX2 receptor 1 with CD200 (Bushell et al. 2008).
Tested Reactivity	Rat
Tested Application	FACS, IHC-Fr, IP, WB
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone	OX-102
Isotype	IgG1
Target Name	CD200R
Species	Rat
Immunogen	Membrane fraction of thioglycollate-elicited rat peripheral cells.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	MOX2R; Cell surface glycoprotein CD200 receptor 1; CD200R; Cell surface glycoprotein OX2 receptor 1; OX2R; HCRTR2; CD200 cell surface glycoprotein receptor

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	Neat - 1:10
	IHC-Fr	Assay-dependent
	IP	Assay-dependent
	WB	Assay-dependent
Application Note	FACS: Use 10ul of the suggested working dilution to label 10 ⁶ cells in 100ul. * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Purification with Protein G.
Buffer	PBS and 0.09% Sodium azide
Preservative	0.09% Sodium azide

Concentration	1 mg/ml
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C or below. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol	Cd200r1
Gene Full Name	CD200 receptor 1
Background	This gene encodes a receptor for the OX-2 membrane glycoprotein. Both the receptor and substrate are cell surface glycoproteins containing two immunoglobulin-like domains. This receptor is restricted to the surfaces of myeloid lineage cells and the receptor-substrate interaction may function as a myeloid downregulatory signal. Mouse studies of a related gene suggest that this interaction may control myeloid function in a tissue-specific manner. Alternative splicing of this gene results in multiple transcript variants. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]
Function	Inhibitory receptor for the CD200/OX2 cell surface glycoprotein. Limits inflammation by inhibiting the expression of proinflammatory molecules including TNF-alpha, interferons, and inducible nitric oxide synthase (iNOS) in response to selected stimuli. Also binds to HHV-8 K14 viral CD200 homolog with identical affinity and kinetics as the host CD200. [UniProt]
Calculated Mw	~ 60 - 100 kDa
PTM	The mature form of isoform 2 and/or isoform 4 starts at sequence position 27 of the corresponding isoform.