

Product datasheet

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ARG22944 anti-CD40 antibody [LOB7/6] (FITC)

Package: 50 μg Store at: 4°C

Summary

Product Description FITC-conjugated Mouse Monoclonal antibody [LOB7/6] recognizes CD40

Mouse anti Human CD40 antibody, clone LOB7/6 recognizes the human CD40 cell surface antigen, a 48kDa glycoprotein expressed by B lymphocytes and weakly by some monocytes.CD40 is involved in the

process of B cell selection in germinal centres and is vital in T cell-B cell interactions.

Tested Reactivity Hu, Dog

Tested Application FACS

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

Clone LOB7/6

Isotype IgG2a

Target Name CD40

Species Human

Immunogen CD40 Ig(Fc) fusion protein containing the EC region of Human CD40 and Fc region of Human IgG.

Conjugation FITC

Alternate Names CDw40; CD antigen CD40; Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 5; Bp50; CD40L

receptor; CDW40; TNFRSF5; p50; B-cell surface antigen CD40

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	Neat - 1:5

 $\label{eq:Application Note} \text{FACS: Use 10 } \mu \text{l of the suggested working dilution to label 10^6 cells in 100 } \mu \text{l}.$

 st The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations

should be determined by the scientist.

Properties

Form Liquid

Purification Purification with Protein A.

Buffer PBS, 0.09% Sodium azide and 1% BSA

Preservative 0.09% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 1% BSA

Concentration 0.1 mg/ml

Storage instruction Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid

repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be

gently mixed before use.

Bioinformation

Background

Gene Symbol CD40

Gene Full Name CD40 molecule, TNF receptor superfamily member 5

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This gene is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily. The encoded protein is a receptor on antigenpresenting cells of the immune system and is essential for mediating a broad variety of immune and inflammatory responses including T cell-dependent immunoglobulin class switching, memory B cell development, and germinal center formation. AT-hook transcription factor AKNA is reported to coordinately regulate the expression of this receptor and its ligand, which may be important for homotypic cell interactions. Adaptor protein TNFR2 interacts with this receptor and serves as a mediator of the signal transduction. The interaction of this receptor and its ligand is found to be necessary for amyloid-beta-induced microglial activation, and thus is thought to be an early event in Alzheimer disease pathogenesis. Mutations affecting this gene are the cause of autosomal recessive hyper-IgM immunodeficiency type 3 (HIGM3). Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants of this

gene encoding distinct isoforms have been reported. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2014]

Function Receptor for TNFSF5/CD40LG. Transduces TRAF6- and MAP3K8-mediated signals that activate ERK in

macrophages and B cells, leading to induction of immunoglobulin secretion. [UniProt]

Research Area Cell Biology and Cellular Response antibody; Developmental Biology antibody; Immune System

antibody; Pro-B Cell Marker antibody; Pre-B Cell Marker antibody

Calculated Mw 31 kDa