

# Product datasheet

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# ARG23341 anti-CD40 antibody [B-B20] (PE)

Package: 500 μl Store at: 4°C

## **Summary**

Product Description PE-conjugated Mouse Monoclonal antibody [B-B20] recognizes CD40

Tested Reactivity Hu
Tested Application FACS

Specificity This antibody recognizes the Bp50 antigen, a 48 kDa protein.

Host Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal

 Clone
 B-B20

 Isotype
 IgG1

 Target Name
 CD40

Species Human

Immunogen Raji cell line

Conjugation PE

Alternate Names CDw40; CD antigen CD40; Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member 5; Bp50; CD40L

receptor; CDW40; TNFRSF5; p50; B-cell surface antigen CD40

# **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	Assay-dependent
Application Note	FACS: Use 10 μl to label 10^6 cells or 100 μl of whole blood.	
	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

### **Properties**

Form Liquid

Buffer PBS, 0.1% Sodium azide and 1% BSA.

Preservative 0.1% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 1% BSA

Storage instruction Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid

repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be

gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Gene Symbol CD40

Gene Full Name CD40 molecule, TNF receptor superfamily member 5

Background This gene is a member of the TNF-receptor superfamily. The encoded protein is a receptor on antigen-

presenting cells of the immune system and is essential for mediating a broad variety of immune and inflammatory responses including T cell-dependent immunoglobulin class switching, memory B cell development, and germinal center formation. AT-hook transcription factor AKNA is reported to coordinately regulate the expression of this receptor and its ligand, which may be important for homotypic cell interactions. Adaptor protein TNFR2 interacts with this receptor and serves as a mediator of the signal transduction. The interaction of this receptor and its ligand is found to be necessary for amyloid-beta-induced microglial activation, and thus is thought to be an early event in Alzheimer disease pathogenesis. Mutations affecting this gene are the cause of autosomal recessive hyper-IgM immunodeficiency type 3 (HIGM3). Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants of this

gene encoding distinct isoforms have been reported. [provided by RefSeq, Nov 2014]

Function Receptor for TNFSF5/CD40LG. Transduces TRAF6- and MAP3K8-mediated signals that activate ERK in

macrophages and B cells, leading to induction of immunoglobulin secretion. [UniProt]

Research Area Cell Biology and Cellular Response antibody; Developmental Biology antibody; Immune System

antibody; Pro-B Cell Marker antibody; Pre-B Cell Marker antibody

Calculated Mw 31 kDa