

# Product datasheet

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# ARG23365 anti-Perforin antibody [B-D48] (PerCP)

Package: 500 μl Store at: 4°C

#### **Summary**

Product Description PerCP-conjugated Mouse Monoclonal antibody [B-D48] recognizes Perforin

Tested Reactivity Hu
Tested Application FACS

Specificity This antibody recognizes human Perforin, a 70 kDa protein.

Host Mouse

**Clonality** Monoclonal

Clone B-D48
Isotype IgG1
Target Name Perforin
Species Human

Immunogen Natural human Perforin

Conjugation PerCP

Alternate Names FLH2; P1; PFN1; Cytolysin; HPLH2; PFP; Lymphocyte pore-forming protein; Perforin-1

### **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	Assay-dependent
Application Note	FACS: Use 10 µl to label 5 x 10^5 cells or 50 µl of whole blood.	

\* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations

should be determined by the scientist.

## **Properties**

Form Liquid

Buffer PBS, 0.1% Sodium azide and 5% BSA.

Preservative 0.1% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 5% BSA

Storage instruction Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid

repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be

gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Gene Symbol PRF1

Gene Full Name perforin 1 (pore forming protein)

Background Perforin with structural similarities to complement component C9 that is important in immunity. This

protein forms membrane pores that allow the release of granzymes and subsequent cytolysis of target cells. Whether pore formation occurs in the plasma membrane of target cells or in an endosomal membrane inside target cells is subject to debate. Mutations in this gene are associated with a variety of human disease including diabetes, multiple sclerosis, lymphomas, autoimmune lymphoproliferative syndrome (ALPS), aplastic anemia, and familial hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis type 2 (FHL2), a rare and lethal autosomal recessive disorder of early childhood. [provided by RefSeq, Aug 2017]

Function Perforin plays a key role in secretory granule-dependent cell death, and in defense against virus-

infected or neoplastic cells. Plays an important role in killing other cells that are recognized as non-self by the immune system, e.g. in transplant rejection or some forms of autoimmune disease. Can insert into the membrane of target cells in its calcium-bound form, oligomerize and form large pores. Promotes cytolysis and apoptosis of target cells by facilitating the uptake of cytotoxic granzymes.

[UniProt]

Highlight Related products:

Perforin antibodies; Perforin ELISA Kits; Anti-Mouse IgG secondary antibodies;

Related news:

Examining CTL/NK-mediated cytotoxicity by ELISA

Calculated Mw 61 kDa

PTM N-glycosylated. [UniProt]