ARG51720
anti-IRS1 phospho (Ser636) antibody

Package: 100 µl, 50 µl
Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description	Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes IRS1 phospho (Ser636)
Tested Reactivity	Hu, Ms, Rat
Tested Application	IHC-P, WB
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Target Name	IRS1
Species	Human
Immunogen	Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of serine 636 (P-M-S(p)-P-K) derived from Human IRS-1.
Conjugation	Un-conjugated
Alternate Names	HIRS-1; Insulin receptor substrate 1; IRS-1

Application Instructions

Application table

Application	Dilution
IHC-P	1:50 - 1:100
WB	1:500 - 1:1000

Application Note: * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.

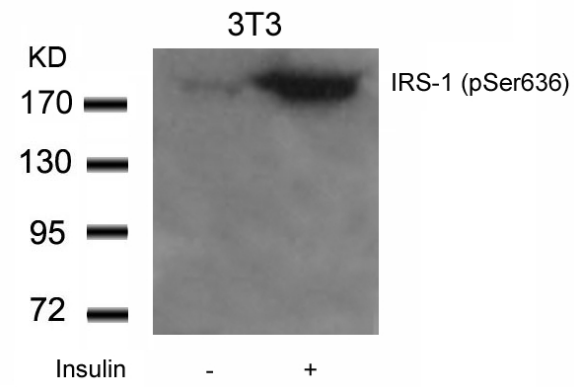
Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification	Antibodies were produced by immunizing rabbits with KLH-conjugated synthetic phosphopeptide. Antibodies were purified by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific phosphopeptide. In addition, non-phospho specific antibodies were removed by chromatogramphy using non-phosphopeptide.
Buffer	PBS (without Mg2+ and Ca2+, pH 7.4), 150mM NaCl, 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide
Stabilizer	50% Glycerol
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

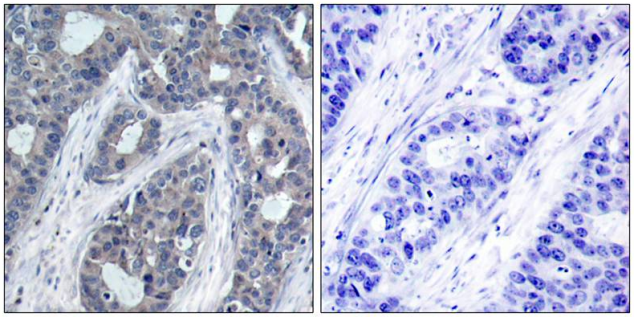
Gene Symbol	IRS1
Gene Full Name	insulin receptor substrate 1
Background	May mediate the control of various cellular processes by insulin. When phosphorylated by the insulin receptor binds specifically to various cellular proteins containing SH2 domains such as phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase p85 subunit or GRB2. Activates phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase when bound to the regulatory p85 subunit
Function	May mediate the control of various cellular processes by insulin. When phosphorylated by the insulin receptor binds specifically to various cellular proteins containing SH2 domains such as phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase p85 subunit or GRB2. Activates phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase when bound to the regulatory p85 subunit (By similarity). [UniProt]
Highlight	Related Antibody Duos and Panels: ARG30040 Phospho IRS1 Antibody Duo (pS636, pS307) ARG30041 Phospho IRS1 Antibody Duo (Total, pS636) ARG30151 Glucose uptake: Insulin Receptor Dependent Pathway Antibody Panel (GLUT4, AKT pS473, IRS1 pS636) Related products: IRS1 antibodies; IRS1 Duos / Panels; Anti-Rabbit IgG secondary antibodies;
Research Area	Cancer antibody; Cell Biology and Cellular Response antibody; Controls and Markers antibody; Metabolism antibody; Neuroscience antibody; Signaling Transduction antibody; Glucose uptake: Insulin Receptor Dependent Pathway Study antibody
Calculated Mw	132 kDa
PTM	Serine phosphorylation of IRS1 is a mechanism for insulin resistance. Ser-312 phosphorylation inhibits insulin action through disruption of IRS1 interaction with the insulin receptor (By similarity). Phosphorylation of Tyr-896 is required for GRB2-binding (By similarity). Phosphorylated by ALK. Phosphorylated at Ser-270, Ser-307, Ser-636 and Ser-1101 by RPS6KB1; phosphorylation induces accelerated degradation of IRS1. Ubiquitinated by the Cul7-RING(FBXW8) complex in a mTOR-dependent manner, leading to its degradation: the Cul7-RING(FBXW8) complex recognizes and binds IRS1 previously phosphorylated by S6 kinase (RPS6KB1 or RPS6KB2).

Images



ARG51720 anti-IRS1 phospho (Ser636) antibody WB image

Western blot: Extracts from 3T3 cells untreated or treated with Insulin stained with ARG51720 anti-IRS1 phospho (Ser636) antibody.



ARG51720 anti-IRS1 phospho (Ser636) antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Human breast carcinoma tissue stained with ARG51720 anti-IRS1 phospho (Ser636) antibody (left) or the same antibody preincubated with blocking peptide (right).