

ARG53904 anti-CD80 antibody [MEM-233] (PE)

Package: 100 tests
Store at: 4°C

Summary

Product Description	PE-conjugated Mouse Monoclonal antibody [MEM-233] recognizes CD80
Tested Reactivity	Hu
Tested Application	FACS
Specificity	The clone MEM-233 reacts with CD80 (B7-1), a 60 kDa single chain type I glycoprotein of immunoglobulin supergene family, expressed on professional antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic cells, macrophages or activated B lymphocytes.
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone	MEM-233
Isotype	IgG1
Target Name	CD80
Species	Human
Immunogen	Extracellular domain of human CD80 fused to human IgG1(Fc)
Conjugation	PE
Alternate Names	B7.1; CTLA-4 counter-receptor B7.1; CD28LG; T-lymphocyte activation antigen CD80; B7-1; CD28LG1; B7; LAB7; Activation B7-1 antigen; CD antigen CD80; BB1

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	FACS	20 µl / 10 ⁶ cells

Application Note * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.

Properties

Form	Liquid
Purification Note	The purified antibody is conjugated with R-Phycoerythrin (PE) under optimum conditions. The conjugate is purified by size-exclusion chromatography and adjusted for direct use. No reconstitution is necessary.
Buffer	PBS, 15 mM Sodium azide and 0.2% (w/v) high-grade protease free BSA
Preservative	15 mM Sodium azide
Stabilizer	0.2% (w/v) high-grade protease free BSA
Storage instruction	Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note

For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Database links

[GeneID: 941 Human](#)

[Swiss-port # P33681 Human](#)

Gene Symbol

CD80

Gene Full Name

CD80 molecule

Background

CD80 (B7-1) and CD86 (B7-2) are ligands of T cell critical costimulatory molecule CD28 and of an inhibitory receptor CTLA-4 (CD152). The both B7 molecules are expressed on professional antigen-presenting cells and are essential for T cell activation, the both molecules can also substitute for each other in this process. The question what are the differences in CD80 and CD86 competency has not been fully elucidated yet; there are still conflicts in results about their respective roles in initiation or sustaining of the T cell immune response.

Function

Involved in the costimulatory signal essential for T-lymphocyte activation. T-cell proliferation and cytokine production is induced by the binding of CD28, binding to CTLA-4 has opposite effects and inhibits T-cell activation. [UniProt]

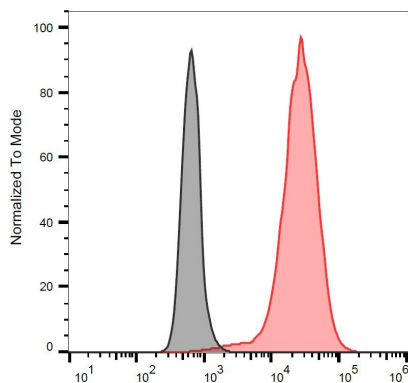
Research Area

Developmental Biology antibody; Immune System antibody

Calculated Mw

33 kDa

Images



ARG53904 anti-CD80 antibody [MEM-233] (PE) FACS image

Flow Cytometry: Separation of CD80 transfected P815 cells (red) from non-transfected P815 cells (black). Cells were stained with ARG53904 anti-CD80 antibody [MEM-233] (PE) at 1 μ g/ml dilution.