

Product datasheet

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ARG56456 anti-MLKL antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

Summary

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes MLKL

Tested Reactivity Hu, Ms

Tested Application ICC/IF, IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name MLKL

Species Human

Immunogen Recombinant protein of Human MLKL.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Mixed lineage kinase domain-like protein; hMLKL

Application Instructions

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ICC/IF	1:50 - 1:200
	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	HeLa	

Properties

Form	Liquid	
Purification	Affinity purification with immunogen.	
Buffer	PBS (pH 7.3), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.	
Preservative	0.02% Sodium azide	
Stabilizer	50% Glycerol	
Storage instruction	For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.	
Note	For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.	

Bioinformation

Database links GeneID: 197259 Human

GeneID: 74568 Mouse

Swiss-port # Q8NB16 Human

Swiss-port # Q9D2Y4 Mouse

Gene Symbol MLKL

Gene Full Name mixed lineage kinase domain-like

Background This gene belongs to the protein kinase superfamily. The encoded protein contains a protein kinase-like

domain; however, is thought to be inactive because it lacks several residues required for activity. This protein plays a critical role in tumor necrosis factor (TNF)-induced necroptosis, a programmed cell death process, via interaction with receptor-interacting protein 3 (RIP3), which is a key signaling molecule in necroptosis pathway. Inhibitor studies and knockdown of this gene inhibited TNF-induced necrosis. High levels of this protein and RIP3 are associated with inflammatory bowel disease in children. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been described for this gene. [provided by

RefSeq, Sep 2015]

Function Pseudokinase that plays a key role in TNF-induced necroptosis, a programmed cell death process.

Activated following phosphorylation by RIPK3, leading to homotrimerization, localization to the plasma

membrane and execution of programmed necrosis characterized by calcium influx and plasma

membrane damage. Does not have protein kinase activity. [UniProt]

Highlight Related products:

MLKL antibodies; MLKL Duos / Panels; Anti-Rabbit IgG secondary antibodies;

Related news:

A non-autophatic role of Atg9a in necrosis and developmental bone formation

RIP1 activation and pathogenesis of NASH

Ripoptosome & Necrosome antibody panels are launched

Calculated Mw 54 kDa

PTM Phosphorylation by RIPK3 induces a conformational switch that is required for necroptosis. It also

induces homotrimerization and localization to the plasma membrane.

Images



ARG56456 anti-MLKL antibody WB image

Western blot: HeLa cell lysate stained with ARG56456 anti-MLKL antibody.