

# Product datasheet

info@arigobio.com

ARG56746 anti-CXCL1 / GRO alpha antibody (Biotin)

Package: 50 μg Store at: 4°C

### **Summary**

Product Description Biotin-conjugated Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes CXCL1 / GRO alpha

Tested Reactivity Ms

Tested Application ELISA, WB

Host Rabbit

**Clonality** Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name CXCL1 / GRO alpha

Species Mouse

Immunogen E.coli derived Recombinant Mouse CXCL1.

(APIANELRCQ CLQTMAGIHL KNIQSLKVLP SGPHCTQTEV IATLKNGREA CLDPEAPLVQ KIVQKMLKGV PK)

Conjugation Biotin

Alternate Names Growth-regulated alpha protein; SCYB1; Melanoma growth stimulatory activity; MGSA-a; GRO-alpha;

GROa; NAP-3; FSP; C-X-C motif chemokine 1; Neutrophil-activating protein 3; GRO1; MGSA; IL-8

homologues (murine)

## **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ELISA	Direct: 0.25 - 1.0 μg/ml Sandwich: 0.25 - 1.0 μg/ml with ARG56636 as a capture antibody
	WB	0.1 - 0.2 μg/ml
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

## **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Purified by affinity chromatography.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.2)

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction Aliquot and store in the dark at 2-8°C. Keep protected from prolonged exposure to light. Avoid

repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be

gently mixed before use.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Database links GenelD: 12310 Mouse

Swiss-port # Q99JA0 Mouse

Gene Symbol CXCL1

Gene Full Name C-X-C motif chemokine ligand 1

Background This antimicrobial gene encodes a member of the CXC subfamily of chemokines. The encoded protein is

a secreted growth factor that signals through the G-protein coupled receptor, CXC receptor 2. This protein plays a role in inflammation and as a chemoattractant for neutrophils. Aberrant expression of this protein is associated with the growth and progression of certain tumors. A naturally occurring processed form of this protein has increased chemotactic activity. Alternate splicing results in coding and non-coding variants of this gene. A pseudogene of this gene is found on chromosome 4. [provided

by RefSeq, Sep 2014]

Function Has chemotactic activity for neutrophils. May play a role in inflammation and exerts its effects on

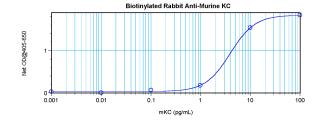
endothelial cells in an autocrine fashion. In vitro, the processed forms GRO-alpha(4-73), GRO-alpha(5-73) and GRO-alpha(6-73) show a 30-fold higher chemotactic activity. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 11 kDa

PTM N-terminal processed forms GRO-alpha(4-73), GRO-alpha(5-73) and GRO-alpha(6-73) are produced by

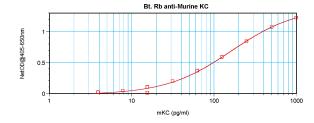
proteolytic cleavage after secretion from peripheral blood monocytes. [UniProt]

#### **Images**



ARG56746 anti-CXCL1 / GRO alpha antibody (Biotin) standard curve image

Direct ELISA: ARG56746 anti-CXCL1 / GRO alpha antibody (Biotin) at 0.25 - 1.0 µg/ml results of a typical standard run with optical density.



 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{ARG56746}}$  anti-CXCL1 / GRO alpha antibody (Biotin) standard curve image

Sandwich ELISA: ARG56746 anti-CXCL1 / GRO alpha antibody (Biotin) as a detection antibody at 0.25 - 1.0  $\mu g/ml$  combined with ARG56636 anti-CXCL1 (GRO alpha) antibody as a capture antibody. Results of a typical standard run with optical density.