

## Product datasheet

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# ARG58194 anti-BIRC2 / cIAP1 antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

## **Summary**

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes BIRC2 / cIAP1

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name BIRC2 / cIAP1

Species Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide derived from Human BIRC2 / cIAP1.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names BIRC2; Baculoviral IAP Repeat Containing 2; C-IAP1; RNF48; MIHB; Hiap-2; CIAP1; API1; Baculoviral IAP

Repeat-Containing Protein 2; RING-Type E3 Ubiquitin Transferase BIRC2; TNFR2-TRAF-Signaling Complex Protein 2; NFR2-TRAF Signalling Complex Protein; Cellular Inhibitor Of Apoptosis 1; Inhibitor Of

Apoptosis Protein 2; RING Finger Protein 48; Apoptosis Inhibitor 1; IAP Homolog B; HIAP2; Baculoviral

IAP Repeat-Containing 2; EC 2.3.2.27; HIAP-2; IAP-2

## **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	HepG2	

## **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.4), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

#### Bioinformation

Gene Symbol BIRC2

Gene Full Name baculoviral IAP repeat containing 2

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of a family of proteins that inhibits apoptosis by binding
to tumor pecrosis factor recentor-associated factors TRAE1 and TRAE2, probably by interfering with

to tumor necrosis factor receptor-associated factors TRAF1 and TRAF2, probably by interfering with activation of ICE-like proteases. This encoded protein inhibits apoptosis induced by serum deprivation and menadione, a potent inducer of free radicals. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding

different isoforms have been found for this gene. [provided by RefSeq, Jan 2012]

Function Multi-functional protein which regulates not only caspases and apoptosis, but also modulates inflammatory signaling and immunity, mitogenic kinase signaling, and cell proliferation, as well as cell

invasion and metastasis. Acts as an E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase regulating NF-kappa-B signaling and regulates both canonical and non-canonical NF-kappa-B signaling by acting in opposite directions: acts as a positive regulator of the canonical pathway and suppresses constitutive activation of non-canonical NF-kappa-B signaling. The target proteins for its E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase activity include: RIPK1, RIPK2, RIPK3, RIPK4, CASP3, CASP7, CASP8, TRAF2, DIABLO/SMAC, MAP3K14/NIK, MAP3K5/ASK1, IKBKG/NEMO, IKBKE and MXD1/MAD1. Can also function as an E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase of the NEDD8 conjugation pathway, targeting effector caspases for neddylation and inactivation. Acts as an important regulator of innate immune signaling via regulation of Toll-like receptors (TLRs), Nodlike receptors (NLRs) and RIG-I like receptors (RLRs), collectively referred to as pattern recognition receptors (PRRs). Protects cells from spontaneous formation of the ripoptosome, a large multi-protein complex that has the capability to kill cancer cells in a caspase-dependent and caspase-independent manner. Suppresses ripoptosome formation by ubiquitinating RIPK1 and CASP8. Can stimulate the transcriptional activity of

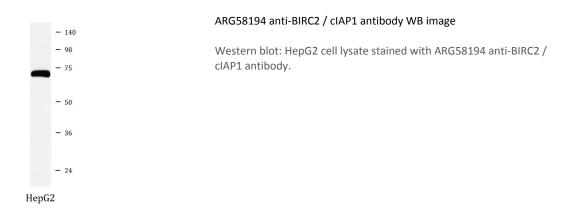
E2F1. Plays a role in the modulation of the cell cycle.

Calculated Mw 70 kDa

PTM Ubl conjugation. [UniProt]

Cellular Localization Cytoplasm; Nucleus. [UniProt]

### **Images**



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