

# Product datasheet

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# ARG58196 anti-alpha 1 microglobulin antibody

Package: 100 μl Store at: -20°C

#### **Summary**

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes alpha 1 microglobulin

Tested Reactivity Hu

Tested Application IHC-P, WB

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name alpha 1 microglobulin

Species Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide derived from Human alpha 1 microglobulin.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names Bikunin; HCP; ITIL; ITILC; ITI; ITI-LC; UTI; Protein HC; Complex-forming glycoprotein heterogeneous in

charge; EDC1; HI30; HI-30; Alpha-1 microglycoprotein; A1M; IATIL; Uronic-acid-rich protein; Protein

AMBP

# **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	IHC-P	1:50 - 1:200
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	* The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	
Positive Control	Human plasma	
Observed Size	~ 35 kDa	

### **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purified.

Buffer PBS (pH 7.4), 0.02% Sodium azide and 50% Glycerol.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol

Storage instruction For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot

and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

#### Bioinformation

Gene Symbol AMBP

Gene Full Name alpha-1-microglobulin/bikunin precursor

Background This gene encodes a complex glycoprotein secreted in plasma. The precursor is proteolytically

processed into distinct functioning proteins: alpha-1-microglobulin, which belongs to the superfamily of lipocalin transport proteins and may play a role in the regulation of inflammatory processes, and bikunin, which is a urinary trypsin inhibitor belonging to the superfamily of Kunitz-type protease inhibitors and plays an important role in many physiological and pathological processes. This gene is

located on chromosome 9 in a cluster of lipocalin genes. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008]

Function Inter-alpha-trypsin inhibitor inhibits trypsin, plasmin, and lysosomal granulocytic elastase. Inhibits

calcium oxalate crystallization.

Trypstatin is a trypsin inhibitor. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw 39 kDa

PTM The precursor is proteolytically processed into separately functioning proteins.

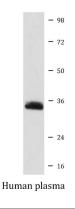
3-hydroxykynurenine, an oxidized tryptophan metabolite that is common in biological fluids, reacts with Cys-53, Lys-111, Lys-137, and Lys-149 to form heterogeneous polycyclic chromophores including hydroxanthommatin. The reaction by alpha-1-microglobulin is autocatalytic; the human protein forms chromophore even when expressed in insect and bacterial cells. The chromophore can react with accessible cysteines forming non-reducible thioether cross-links with other molecules of alpha-1-microglobulin or with other proteins such as Ig alpha-1 chain C region 'Cys-352'.

Heavy chains are interlinked with bikunin via a chondroitin 4-sulfate bridge to the their C-terminal aspartate.

N- and O-glycosylated. N-glycan heterogeneity at Asn-115: Hex5HexNAc4 (major), Hex6HexNAc5 (minor) and dHex1Hex6HexNAc5 (minor). N-glycan at Asn-250: Hex5HexNAc4. O-linkage of the glycosaminoglycan, chondroitin sulfate, at Ser-215 allows cross-linking between the three polypeptide chains. [UniProt]

Cellular Localization Secreted. [UniProt]

# **Images**



#### ARG58196 anti-alpha 1 microglobulin antibody WB image

Western blot: Human plasma lysate stained with ARG58196 antialpha 1 microglobulin antibody.