

## Product datasheet

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# ARG66296 anti-VEGFR2 antibody

Package: 100 μg Store at: -20°C

## **Summary**

Product Description Rabbit Polyclonal antibody recognizes VEGFR2

Tested Reactivity Hu
Predict Reactivity Ms

Tested Application ICC/IF, IHC-P, WB

Specificity The antibody detects endogenous levels of VEGFR2 protein.

Host Rabbit

Clonality Polyclonal

Isotype IgG

Target Name VEGFR2
Species Human

Immunogen Synthetic peptide around Tyr951 of Human VEGFR2.

Conjugation Un-conjugated

Alternate Names FLK1; VEGFR; CD antigen CD309; FLK-1; Fetal liver kinase 1; VEGFR2; Vascular endothelial growth factor

receptor 2; VEGFR-2; CD309; Kinase insert domain receptor; EC 2.7.10.1; Protein-tyrosine kinase

receptor flk-1; KDR

## **Application Instructions**

Application table	Application	Dilution
	ICC/IF	1:200 - 1:1000
	IHC-P	1:100 - 1:300
	WB	1:500 - 1:2000
Application Note	IHC-P: Antigen Retrieval: Boil tissue section in Sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 20 min.  * The dilutions indicate recommended starting dilutions and the optimal dilutions or concentrations should be determined by the scientist.	

#### **Properties**

Form Liquid

Purification Affinity purification with immunogen.

Buffer PBS, 0.02% Sodium azide, 50% Glycerol and 0.5% BSA.

Preservative 0.02% Sodium azide

Stabilizer 50% Glycerol and 0.5% BSA

Concentration 1 mg/ml

Storage instruction

For continuous use, store undiluted antibody at 2-8°C for up to a week. For long-term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C. Storage in frost free freezers is not recommended. Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles. Suggest spin the vial prior to opening. The antibody solution should be gently mixed before use.

Note

For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

#### Bioinformation

Gene Symbol

KDR

Gene Full Name

kinase insert domain receptor

Background

Vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF) is a major growth factor for endothelial cells. This gene encodes one of the two receptors of the VEGF. This receptor, known as kinase insert domain receptor, is a type III receptor tyrosine kinase. It functions as the main mediator of VEGF-induced endothelial proliferation, survival, migration, tubular morphogenesis and sprouting. The signalling and trafficking of this receptor are regulated by multiple factors, including Rab GTPase, P2Y purine nucleotide receptor, integrin alphaVbeta3, T-cell protein tyrosine phosphatase, etc.. Mutations of this gene are implicated in infantile capillary hemangiomas. [provided by RefSeq, May 2009]

Function

Tyrosine-protein kinase that acts as a cell-surface receptor for VEGFA, VEGFC and VEGFD. Plays an essential role in the regulation of angiogenesis, vascular development, vascular permeability, and embryonic hematopoiesis. Promotes proliferation, survival, migration and differentiation of endothelial cells. Promotes reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton. Isoforms lacking a transmembrane domain, such as isoform 2 and isoform 3, may function as decoy receptors for VEGFA, VEGFC and/or VEGFD. Isoform 2 plays an important role as negative regulator of VEGFA- and VEGFC-mediated lymphangiogenesis by limiting the amount of free VEGFA and/or VEGFC and preventing their binding to FLT4. Modulates FLT1 and FLT4 signaling by forming heterodimers. Binding of vascular growth factors to isoform 1 leads to the activation of several signaling cascades. Activation of PLCG1 leads to the production of the cellular signaling molecules diacylglycerol and inositol 1,4,5-trisphosphate and the activation of protein kinase C. Mediates activation of MAPK1/ERK2, MAPK3/ERK1 and the MAP kinase signaling pathway, as well as of the AKT1 signaling pathway. Mediates phosphorylation of PIK3R1, the regulatory subunit of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase, reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton and activation of PTK2/FAK1. Required for VEGFA-mediated induction of NOS2 and NOS3, leading to the production of the signaling molecule nitric oxide (NO) by endothelial cells. Phosphorylates PLCG1. Promotes phosphorylation of FYN, NCK1, NOS3, PIK3R1, PTK2/FAK1 and SRC. [UniProt]

Calculated Mw

152 kDa

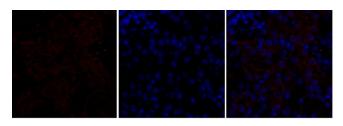
PTM

N-glycosylated.

Ubiquitinated. Tyrosine phosphorylation of the receptor promotes its poly-ubiquitination, leading to its degradation via the proteasome or lysosomal proteases.

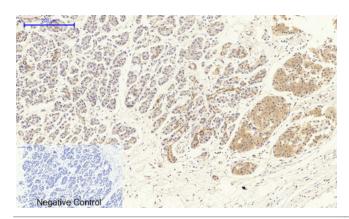
Autophosphorylated on tyrosine residues upon ligand binding. Autophosphorylation occurs in trans, i.e. one subunit of the dimeric receptor phosphorylates tyrosine residues on the other subunit. Phosphorylation at Tyr-951 is important for interaction with SH2D2A/TSAD and VEGFA-mediated reorganization of the actin cytoskeleton. Phosphorylation at Tyr-1175 is important for interaction with PLCG1 and SHB. Phosphorylation at Tyr-1214 is important for interaction with NCK1 and FYN. Dephosphorylated by PTPRB. Dephosphorylated by PTPRJ at Tyr-951, Tyr-996, Tyr-1054, Tyr-1059, Tyr-1175 and Tyr-1214.

The inhibitory disulfide bond between Cys-1024 and Cys-1045 may serve as a specific molecular switch for H(2)S-induced modification that regulates VEGFR2 function. [UniProt]



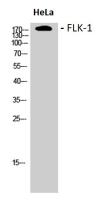
#### ARG66296 anti-VEGFR2 antibody ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: Mouse kidney tissue stained with ARG66296 anti-VEGFR2 antibody at 1:200 dilution (4°C,overnight). 3, Picture B: DAPI(blue) 10min. Left: Target. Middle: DAPI (blue) 10min. Right: Merge.



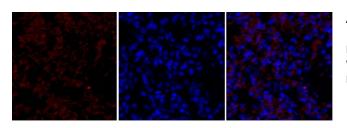
#### ARG66296 anti-VEGFR2 antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Human stomach cancer tissue stained with ARG66296 anti-VEGFR2 antibody at 1:200 dilution (4°C, overnight). Antigen Retrieval: Boil tissue section in Sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 20 min. Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



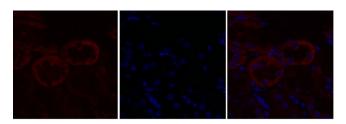
#### ARG66296 anti-VEGFR2 antibody WB image

Western blot: HeLa cell lysate stained with ARG66296 anti-VEGFR2 antibody at 1:1000 dilution.



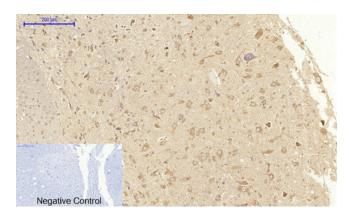
### ARG66296 anti-VEGFR2 antibody ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: Rat lung tissue stained with ARG66296 anti-VEGFR2 antibody at 1:200 dilution (4°C, overnight). Left: Target. Middle: DAPI (blue) 10min. Right: Merge.



#### ARG66296 anti-VEGFR2 antibody ICC/IF image

Immunofluorescence: Rat kidney tissue stained with ARG66296 anti-VEGFR2 antibody at 1:200 dilution (4°C, overnight). Left: Target. Middle: DAPI (blue) 10min. Right: Merge.



#### ARG66296 anti-VEGFR2 antibody IHC-P image

Immunohistochemistry: Paraffin-embedded Rat spinal cord tissue stained with ARG66296 anti-VEGFR2 antibody at 1:200 dilution (4°C, overnight). Antigen Retrieval: Boil tissue section in Sodium citrate buffer (pH 6.0) for 20 min. Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.