

Product datasheet

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ARG82819 Monkey CCL2 / MCP1 ELISA Kit

Package: 96 wells Store at: 4°C

Summary

Product Description ARG82819 Monkey CCL2 / MCP1 ELISA Kit is an Enzyme Immunoassay kit for the quantification of

Monkey CCL2 / MCP1 in serum, plasma and cell culture supernatants.

Tested Reactivity Mk

Tested Application ELISA

Specificity Cross-Reactivity: Not react with ApoAl, BMP1, BMP2, BMP3, BMP4, BMP5, BMP7, CCL3, CCL4, CRP, FGF

acidic, HGF, HSP27, IL1 alpha, IL1 beta, IL1RA, IL1 RI, IL2, IL5, IL6, IL8, IL10, IL12, IL13, IL15, IL17C, IL21, IFN gamma, IGF1, MMP2, MMP9, PDGF, PLA2G7, serpin E1, sIL2R, sIL6R, TGF beta 1, TGF beta 2, TGF

beta 3, TLR1, TLR2, TLR3, TNF alpha, TNF RI, TNF RII and VEGF.

Target Name CCL2 / MCP1

Conjugation HRP

Conjugation Note Substrate: TMB and read at 450 nm.

Sensitivity 12.5 pg/ml

Sample Type Serum, plasma and cell culture supernatants.

Standard Range 25 - 1600 pg/ml

Sample Volume $$100~\mu l$$

Precision Intra-Assay CV: 6.0%

Inter-Assay CV: 9.0%

Alternate Names MCP1; Monocyte chemotactic and activating factor; MCAF; Monocyte chemotactic protein 1; Monocyte

secretory protein JE; HSMCR30; Small-inducible cytokine A2; HC11; SMC-CF; GDCF-2; SCYA2; C-C motif

chemokine 2; Monocyte chemoattractant protein 1; MCP-1

Application Instructions

Assay Time ~ 3 hours

Properties

Form 96 well

Storage instruction Store the kit at 2-8°C. Keep microplate wells sealed in a dry bag with desiccants. Do not expose test

reagents to heat, sun or strong light during storage and usage. Please refer to the product user manual

for detail temperatures of the components.

Note For laboratory research only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Bioinformation

Gene Symbol CCL2

Gene Full Name chemokine (C-C motif) ligand 2

Background

This gene is one of several cytokine genes clustered on the q-arm of chromosome 17. Chemokines are a superfamily of secreted proteins involved in immunoregulatory and inflammatory processes. The superfamily is divided into four subfamilies based on the arrangement of N-terminal cysteine residues of the mature peptide. This chemokine is a member of the CC subfamily which is characterized by two adjacent cysteine residues. This cytokine displays chemotactic activity for monocytes and basophils but not for neutrophils or eosinophils. It has been implicated in the pathogenesis of diseases characterized by monocytic infiltrates, like psoriasis, rheumatoid arthritis and atherosclerosis. It binds to chemokine receptors CCR2 and CCR4. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2013]

Function

Acts as a ligand for C-C chemokine receptor CCR2 (PubMed:9837883, PubMed:10587439, PubMed:10529171). Signals through binding and activation of CCR2 and induces a strong chemotactic response and mobilization of intracellular calcium ions (PubMed:9837883, PubMed:10587439). Exhibits a chemotactic activity for monocytes and basophils but not neutrophils or eosinophils (PubMed:8627182, PubMed:9792674, PubMed:8195247). May be involved in the recruitment of monocytes into the arterial wall during the disease process of atherosclerosis (PubMed:8107690). [UniProt]

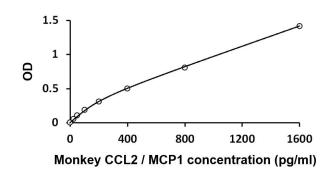
PTM

Processing at the N-terminus can regulate receptor and target cell selectivity. Deletion of the N-terminal residue converts it from an activator of basophil to an eosinophil chemoattractant. [UniProt]

Cellular Localization

Secreted. [UniProt]

Images



ARG82819 Monkey CCL2 / MCP1 ELISA Kit standard curve image

ARG82819 Monkey CCL2 / MCP1 ELISA Kit results of a typical standard run with optical density reading at 450 nm.